Aspect highlighted in blue

Entity highlighted in green

Scale highlighted in red

=================

PMID:12693152

12: However the anti-HBs titres at 1 month were significantly higher among intramuscular vaccinees than the nurses receiving the vaccine through intra-dermal route (253 +/- 127.7 mIU/ml vs 151.3 +/- 92.8 mIU/ml, P &lt; 0.001).

14: All the nurses continued to be positive for anti-HBs at the end of 1 year but the anti HBs-titre among i.m. vaccine recipient continued to remain at a significantly higher level than the similar titre among the intradermal vaccine recipients (256.4 +/- 124.7 mIU/ml vs 121.6 +/- 122.4 mIU/ml p &lt; 0.001).

15: CONCLUSION: Intradermal route for HBV vaccine had similar immunogenic efficacy as the conventional intramuscular route, but the dose required in the former route is one tenth of the intramuscular route.

PMID:14553874

6: RESULTS: Surgical revascularization was less costly and resulted in better outcomes than catheter-based intervention including stenting.

8: Among angioplasty-based strategies, primary stent use cost an additional 189,000 US dollars per QALY gained compared with a strategy that reserved stent use for treatment of suboptimal balloon angioplasty results.

9: CONCLUSION: Bypass surgery results in better outcomes than angioplasty in patients with multivessel disease, and at a lower cost.

PMID:14751571

6: In conclusion, we found a dose-related reduction of s-CTX after injection of GLP-2 (P &lt; 0.05) and osteocalcin levels was increased as compared to placebo (P = 0.07) by the treatment, suggestive of a stimulative effect on bone formation.

7: An area under the curve (AUC0-10 h) analysis for s-CTX after GLP-2 injection confirmed the dose-related decrease as compared to placebo (P &lt; 0.05).

PMID:15151350

5: Women showed larger reductions than men.

PMID:15197190

8: Those receiving VbMF achieved higher relapse-free survival (RFS) and overall survival (OS) than those who received additional VACP, although the differences did not reach statistical significance.

11: For those with a poor response to initial neoadjuvant chemotherapy, treatment with VbMF was associated with a trend toward improved RFS and OS compared with those continuing with the doxorubicin regimen.

PMID:18251358

6: RESULTS: Serum E2 levels were higher in 8 of 10 men after intercourse with vaginal estradiol cream, and this resulted in a small but significant (p = 0.03) increase in the estradiol levels as compared to placebo.

7: Paradoxically, intercourse resulted in markedly lower estradiol levels in women as compared to abstinence (p = 0.004).

PMID:18505574

9: The 240 participants reported greater physical activity than the 76 non-participants on all measures, eg faster walking OR 3.2(1.4-7.7), or 10.4(3.2-33.3) after adjustment for health variables.

PMID:19692210

6: Moxifloxacin was non-inferior to ceftriaxone/metronidazole in terms of clinical response at test-of-cure in the PP population [clinical cure, 90.2% for moxifloxacin vs. 96.5% for ceftriaxone/metronidazole; 95% confidence interval (CI) of the difference -11.7 to -1.7] and in the ITT population (87.2% for moxifloxacin vs. 91.2% for ceftriaxone/metronidazole; 95% CI -10.7 to 1.9).

PMID:26342424

5: FINDINGS: RTS,S/AS01-induced anti-circumsporozoite antibody titres were greater in children aged 5-17 months than in those aged 6-12 weeks.

PMID:26875824

8: CONCLUSION: Compared with patients treated with standard therapy, patients treated with BR reported better quality of life in several areas.

PMID:10074913

4: Our results indicated that the BRCA1 gene product was decreased in the 4 tumors with LOH compared with matched normal breast tissues.

PMID:10854562

12: Cancer patients who died during the follow-up period were found to have consistently higher serum suPAR levels than correlating serum PSA levels.

PMID:11032920

1: Previous reports showed that breast and gastric cancers overexpressing c-erbB-2 protein have a greater metastatic potential and worse prognosis than tumors in which this protein is not overexpressed.

6: The positive rate in the primary lesion was significantly higher in cases with liver metastasis than in cases without liver metastasis, the positive rate was significantly higher in the hepatic than in the primary lesions.

PMID:11336165

6: RESULTS: The serum concentration of sICAM-1 in the patients was significantly higher than that in the controls, and the tumor size was the independent pathological factor that was associated with the serum ICAM-1 level.

8: The tissue concentration of sICAM-1 in the normal mucosa was significantly lower than that in the adenoma and the early carcinoma.

PMID:11745675

1: Oesophageal basaloid squamous cell carcinoma (BSCC) is uncommon and has been reported to have a worse prognosis than squamous cell carcinomas (SCCs), but this tumour has not been fully characterized.

12: The median MIB-1 score of BSCC was 750 (range 400-858) and was higher than that of SCC (p=0.003).

17: The median survival of patients with tumours which had a high level of telomerase activity was significantly shorter than those with low levels of telomerase activity (1 vs. 27 months) (p=0.001).

PMID:15334691

5: RESULTS: Plasma VEGF levels in HCC patients were significantly elevated as compared to those in patients with benign liver lesions (P = 0.006) and in the normal controls (P = 0.003).

10: The patients who achieved a partial or complete response to TACE therapy showed significantly less pre-treatment P-VEGF than those nonresponders (P = 0.025).

PMID:15709189

7: There was no significant difference in tumor angiogenesis or proliferative activity according to MDA-7/IL-24 status, but MDA-7/IL-24-high adenocarcinoma showed a significantly higher incidence of apoptotic tumor cell death than MDA-7/IL-24-low adenocarcinoma.

8: MDA-7/IL-24-high patients seemed to show a favorable postoperative prognosis as compared with MDA-7/IL-24-low patients (5-year survival rates, 75.9% and 62.0%, respectively), although the difference did not reach a statistical significance (P = 0.061).

PMID:15824527

8: MMP-9 mRNA expression in lymphocytes tended to be higher in malignant pleural effusions of lung cancer than in the other groups without reaching statistical significance.

11: CONCLUSIONS: MMP-9 is increased in tuberculous pleural effusions compared with transudates and malignant pleural effusions of lung cancer and is produced predominantly by epithelioid cells in the granulomas of tuberculous pleural tissues.

PMID:15864644

6: RESULTS: Characteristics were similar between p53-negative and p53-positive tumours (all P&gt;0.05).

7: In univariate analyses, R (39% vs 26%, P=0.208), CB (70% vs 57%, P=0.218), PFS (6.2 months vs 4.2 months, P=0.186) and OAS (23.8 months vs 23.2 months, P=0.650) were similar for p53-positive tumours and p53-negative tumours, respectively.

PMID:17075975

8: High level expression of CCL20 and its receptor CCR6 in HCC and CRLM with marked up-regulation of CCL20 in CRLM in relation to HCC tissues indicates involvement of the CCL20/CCR6 ligand-receptor pair in the carcinogenesis and progression of hepatic malignancies.

PMID:17711569

5: RESULTS: Cancer patients with the presence of Bmi-1 mRNA in plasma had higher levels of Bmi-1 expression than healthy controls with Bmi-1 mRNA in plasma.

PMID:19142970

3: We identified 22 protein spots whose intensity was statistically different between ESCC cases with good (N = 9; survived more than 5 years without evidence of recurrence) and poor (N = 24; died within 2 years postsurgery) prognosis, within the patient group that had two or more lymph node metastases.

9: It is noteworthy that the prognostic value of TGM3 was shown to be higher than those of the lymph node metastasis, intramural metastasis and vascular invasion status.

PMID:19186007

8: The expression levels of survivin and survivin-DeltaEx3 was significantly higher in neoplastic compared to non-neoplastic tissues (P&lt;0.001) and both the sensitivity and specificity of survivin were superior to survivin-DeltaEx3 (83% and 75% for survivin and 76% and 64% for survivin-DeltaEx3, respectively).

PMID:20828513

3: RESULTS: Immunohistochemistry data suggested that AQP1 was expressed in both nasopharyngeal tumour and normal tissues, but tumour tissues were stained a lot stronger than nontumour tissues.

PMID:20860816

5: RESULTS: Mean tissue specific FN1 mRNA expression was found to be increased approximately seven fold comparing RCC and corresponding kidney control tissues (p &lt; 0.001; ANOVA).

8: Patients with advanced disease had higher FN1 expression when compared to organ-confined disease (p &lt; 0.001; Wilcoxon rank sum test).

9: Applying subgroup analysis we found a significantly higher FN1 mRNA expression between organ-confined and advanced disease in the papillary and not in the clear cell RCC group (p = 0.02 vs. p = 0.2; Wilcoxon rank sum test).

10: There was an increased expression in RCC compared to oncocytoma (p = 0.016; ANOVA).

11: CONCLUSIONS: To our knowledge, this is the first study to show that FN1 mRNA expression is higher in RCC compared to normal renal tissue.

PMID:21178264

4: RESULTS: Serum TK1 activity in BC patients was significantly higher than in healthy women (P &lt; 0.0001).

6: Higher TK1 activity was found in patients with BRCA1/2 mutations compared to those without the mutation (P = 0.004).

PMID:23702728

8: As a positively expressed biomarker, nestin possesses technical advantages over INPP4B that make it a more ideal biomarker for identification of basal-like breast cancer.

PMID:24228118

0: High frequency of coexpression of maspin with p63 and p53 in squamous cell carcinoma but not in adenocarcinoma of the lung.

7: Maspin, p63 and p53 expression were each significantly higher in squamous cell carcinoma than adenocarcinoma.

8: Squamous cell carcinomas more highly coexpress maspin and p63, as well as maspin and p53, when compared with adenocarcinomas.

PMID:25633261

8: We found that the expression of let-7b was lower in chemotherapy-resistant SGC7901/DDP and SGC7901/VCR gastric cancer cells than that in chemotherapy-sensitive SGC7901 cells.

9: By contrast, the expression of c-Myc was higher in SGC7901/DDP and SGC7901/VCR cells than that in SGC7901 cells.

PMID:8635127

8: A semiquantitative analysis of immunohistochemical results showed that uPAR and PAI-1 were overexpressed in invasive breast cancer in comparison with normal and benign breast tissues.

9: In addition, uPA was higher in both invasive breast carcinomas and benign breast lesions with respect to normal breast tissues.

PMID:8701982

5: Hepatocellular carcinoma tissues expressed Fas less frequently and more weakly than noncancerous tissues.

7: Apoptotic cell counts were significantly higher in Fas-expressing tissues than in Fas-negative tissues.

8: Among Fas-expressing tissues, the counts were higher in surface Fas-expressing tissues than in tissues that expressed only cytoplasmic Fas (P &lt; 0.01 to 0.05).

PMID:11669407

8: Compared to placebo, plasma norepinephrine levels decreased on CHF1035, both in the first 4 hours and after 10 days (p&lt;0.05 between groups).

10: Heart rate variability parameters generally increased on CHF1035, but were unaffected by placebo (p &lt; 0.05 between groups).

PMID:11705661

9: Cattle immunized with the cell culture-derived A. marginale had a significantly lower percent reduction in the packed cell volume (P&lt;0.05) after challenge exposure as compared with the controls and did not display clinical anaplasmosis.

PMID:15562168

14: No changes were observed for the PLA or CON group either in the time to exhaustion or cardiorespiratory response to the same intensity of exercise.

PMID:15983186

9: There was no difference in SF-36 scores between geriatric outpatient and usual outpatient care.

10: Days of hospitalization and overall costs were equivalent for the interventions and usual care over the 1-year study.

11: CONCLUSIONS: This study suggests that inpatient geriatric assessment and management may be an effective approach to the management of pain and psychological status in the elderly cancer inpatient at no greater length of hospitalization or extra cost than usual care.

PMID:16534529

7: The change in weight (mean+/-s.e.) for the FBI group was significantly greater than the BO group at 3 and 12 months (-2.8+/-0.7 compared to -1.0+/-0.6 kg, P&lt;0.05 and -2.9+/-0.9 compared to +0.5+/-0.9 kg, P&lt;0.005, respectively).

8: Change in weight in the IDT group did not differ from the FBI group at any time point.

9: For all groups, waist circumference was significantly less than baseline at all time points (P&lt;0.001).

12: CONCLUSIONS: A cognitive behaviour-based lifestyle intervention was more effective than providing an information booklet alone and as effective as intensive individualised dietetic intervention in weight loss and improvements in self-efficacy.

PMID:17768502

8: Intervention group attendance following ALRI referral was 7% higher than controls, a trend also seen in compliance with RSV tests and CXR.

PMID:18032762

7: RESULTS: The time to progression was significantly longer in the patients who received lenalidomide plus dexamethasone (lenalidomide group) than in those who received placebo plus dexamethasone (placebo group) (median, 11.3 months vs. 4.7 months; P&lt;0.001).

11: CONCLUSIONS: Lenalidomide plus dexamethasone is more effective than high-dose dexamethasone alone in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma.

PMID:18597250

3: Results of a three-period, crossover study on 18 healthy horses showed that Pro-Dynam was significantly less palatable, with significantly less consumption of treated feed compared with either Equipalazone Powder or Danilon Equidos.

4: There was no statistically significant difference in terms of consumption of treated feed and palatability scores between Equipalazone Powder and Danilon Equidos.

PMID:19998333

6: Women in both the IG and the SCG group showed significantly lower hair loss distress scores at T2 after hair loss than at T1 with T3 distress scores increasing in the SCG and decreasing in the IG.

PMID:20496732

10: The levels of serum IL-1 beta and IL-6 in the three groups were obviously decreased after treatment (P&lt;0.05, P&lt;0.01), while there was no significant difference between the level of serum TNF-alpha before and after treatment.

11: CONCLUSION: The effect of electroacupuncture observation group is superior to those of electroacupuncture control group and medication control group.

6. PMID:22706571

10: Maximal plasma F2-isoprostane concentrations after IS + C were significantly elevated from baseline (234 +/- 0.04 vs. 0.198 +/- 0.028 ng/mL, p = 0.02).

11: After IS + C, IL-1, IL-6, IL-10, and TNF-alpha were significantly elevated compared to baseline.

PMID:23000471

8: On the other hand, light-activation of all the adhesives produced significantly higher muTBS to root canal dentin than chemical activation (p &lt; 0.05), except for the UNB group.

PMID:26085634

5: In contrast to current models of GF control that neglect the variability of LF dynamics, we demonstrate that GF is threefold more sensitive to the SD than the expected value of LF dynamics, in line with the maintenance of a 3-sigma confidence level.

PMID:26259134

10: RESULTS: At AH, fat mass percentage (FM%) SD score (SDS), lean body mass (LBM) SDS, blood pressure SDS, and lipid profile were similar between children treated with combined GH/GnRHa and those with only GH.

13: CONCLUSIONS: Combined GH/GnRHa treatment has no long-term negative effects on metabolic health compared with only GH.

14: Started in early puberty, a GH dose of 2 mg/m(2) per day results in a similar metabolic health at AH and a more favorable FM% than GH 1 mg/m(2) per day.

PMID:11265953

9: At 14 months CBT was significantly more effective than both control conditions for fatigue severity (CBT vs support groups 5.8 [2.2-9.4]; CBT vs natural course 5.6 [2.1-9.0]) and for functional impairment (CBT vs support groups 263 [38-488]; CBT vs natural course 222 [3-441]).

10: Support groups were not more effective for CFS patients than the natural course.

13: INTERPRETATION: CBT was more effective than guided support groups and the natural course in a multicentre trial with many therapists.

14: Our study showed a lower proportion of patients with improvement than CBT trials with a few highly skilled therapists.

PMID:11748600

5: EMDR appeared to be better tolerated as the dropout rate was significantly lower in those randomized to EMDR versus PE (0 of 10 vs. 3 of 10).

8: Postsession SUDS were significantly lower for EMDR than for PE.

PMID:18569233

6: Sixty minutes after the bronchodilator inhalation, the FEV(1)% increase was higher (p &lt; 0.05) in OXI (6.7 +/- 4.83%) and TIO groups (6.11 +/- 2.54%) than in the IB group (3.8 +/- 1.96%).

9: In OXI and TIO, the PD(15) obtained after drug pre-medication, was similar (respectively 1628 +/- 955.7 and 1595.5 +/- 990 microg), but higher (p &lt; 0.0001) in comparison to the PD(15) measured in the IB group (532.2 +/- 434.8 microg).

10: Also, the dose-response slope (decline percentage of FEV(1)/cumulative methacholine dose) after PD(15) was similar in both OXI and TIO groups but different in the IB group.

PMID:19218306

7: There were significant differences in the changes in BMD between tamoxifen and exemestane at 6 and 12 months (P = 0.0026 and P = 0.0008, respectively).

8: The mean changes in BMD from baseline at the total hip were also significantly different between exemestane and tamoxifen at 6 and 12 months (P = 0.0009 and P = 0.04, respectively).

9: There was no difference between tamoxifen and exemestane in mean changes in BMD from baseline at the femoral neck.

PMID:21269553

8: Patients receiving Epley's manoeuvre alone showed better recovery than those receiving both Epley's manoeuvre and labyrinthine sedative.

PMID:16428565

3: There was no statistically significant difference between the active and sham control groups in the incidence of intraoperative/postoperative nausea (30% versus 43%/23% versus 41%), vomiting (13% versus 9%/26 versus 37%), need for rescue antiemetics (23% versus 18%/34% versus 39%), or complete response (55% versus 57%/51% versus 34%).

PMID:19948275

15: CONCLUSIONS: Patients in the cohort who would have been eligible for the TAP trials demonstrated deterioration in BCVA similar to VPDT-treated TAP participants but with fewer treatments.

PMID:21300221

9: CONCLUSIONS: Use of the Damon3 bracket does not reduce overall treatment time or total number of visits, or result in a better occlusal outcome when compared with conventional ligated brackets in the treatment of extraction patients with crowding.

PMID:21348963

7: There was no difference of the range in all devices between the ophthalmologists and the medical student (HH-DCT p = 0.68, PAT p = 0.54, TPXL p = 0.48).

8: CONCLUSION: IOP readings measured by HH-DCT are significantly higher than by PAT and TPXL.

PMID:24284154

9: After controlling for patient and tumour characteristics, including tumour stage, the hazard ratio (HR) for local recurrence was increased in the postoperative RT versus the no RT group (HR 1.64, 95% confidence interval 1.04-2.58, p = 0.027).

PMID:15648093

6: We found that miR-15a and miR-16-1 are expressed at lower levels in pituitary adenomas as compared to normal pituitary tissue.

PMID:18242245

12: Both mir\_203 and mir\_205 were expressed 2- to 10-fold lower in squamous cell carcinoma and adenocarcinomas than in normal epithelium.

13: The mir\_21 expression was 3- to 5-fold higher in both tumors than in normal epithelium.

PMID:18318758

3: Levels were higher in patient than control sera (P = 0.009, 0.02 and 0.04 respectively).

PMID:18508316

6: In addition, expression of this miRNA cluster is found to be remarkably upregulated in HCC tissues versus normal liver tissues.

PMID:18593903

5: The CGI spanning exon 1 and intron 1 of miR-1-1 was methylated in HCC cell lines and in primary human HCCs but not in matching liver tissues.

6: The miR-1-1 gene was hypomethylated and activated in DNMT1-/- HCT 116 cells but not in DNMT3B null cells, indicating a key role for DNMT1 in its methylation.

7: miR-1 expression was also markedly reduced in primary human hepatocellular carcinomas compared with matching normal liver tissues.

PMID:19118166

5: In this work, we found that levels of several microRNAs (miRNAs) with upstream RE1 sites are decreased in HD patient cortices relative to healthy controls.

PMID:19244118

3: Significantly lower miR-205 expression levels were found in cancer than in normal prostate cell lines as well as in tumor compared with matched normal prostate tissues, with a particularly pronounced reduction in carcinomas from patients with local-regionally disseminated disease.

PMID:19252524

4: Using real-time PCR, we found that miR-449a is downregulated in prostate cancer tissues relative to patient-matched control tissue.

PMID:19363643

6: RESULTS: MiR-141 was significantly down-regulated in 80% (28/35) of primary gastric cancer tissues compared with pair-matched adjacent non-tumor tissues (P &lt; 0.01).

PMID:19443172

4: RESULTS: Totally 81 miRNAs were identified valid expression in RCCC samples, 48 of which specifically detected in RCCC samples, 17 of which detected downregulated in RCCC compared to NT sample, 2 upregulated and 14 without significant difference.

5: MiRNAs in RCCC tissues exhibit an overall higher expression level than NT tissue.

PMID:19521961

7: Further, methylation of the hsa-miR-9-1, hsa-miR-129-2 and hsa-miR-137 CpG islands were frequently observed in CRC cell lines and in primary CRC tumors, but not in normal colonic mucosa.

PMID:19711427

4: Microarray analysis identified 30 hepatic microRNAs that are significantly (P &lt; or = 0.01) altered in mice fed CDAA diet for 6, 18, 32, and 65 weeks compared with those fed choline-sufficient and amino acid-defined (CSAA) diet.

10: Notably, miR-155 was significantly (P = 0.0004) up-regulated in primary human HCCs with a concomitant decrease (P = 0.02) in C/EBPbeta level compared with matching liver tissues.

PMID:19773441

5: Analysis of human specimens showed that miR-34a expression is down-regulated in glioblastoma tissues as compared with normal brain and in mutant p53 gliomas as compared with wild-type p53 gliomas.

PMID:21047409

4: RESULTS: The relative concentrations of total RNA (P = 0.0001) and miR155 (P = 0.0001) in serum significantly discriminated M0-patients from healthy women, whereas miR10b (P = 0.005), miR34a (P = 0.001) and miR155 (P = 0.008) discriminated M1-patients from healthy controls.

6: Within the M0-cohort, patients at advanced tumor stages (pT3 to 4) had significantly more total RNA (P = 0.0001) and miR34a (P = 0.01) in their blood than patients at early tumor stages (pT1 to 2).

PMID:24659142

9: Plasma miR-21 level in SLE patients was higher than that of healthy controls (P = 0.031).

PMID:24971902

3: In this study, we demonstrate that expression of miR-124 is significantly downregulated in osteosarcoma tissues and cell lines, compared to the adjacent tissues.

4: The expression of miR-124 in the metastases osteosarcoma tissues was lower than that in non- metastases tissues.

PMID:25973319

5: Plasma miR-214 was significantly higher in patients with GC than in controls (P &lt; 0.0001).

7: There were significantly higher levels of miR-214 in 80 GC patients than in 70 controls (P &lt; 0.0001).

PMID:26404135

3: The present report demonstrates that there are lower levels of GAS5, PDCD4, and PTEN and higher levels of microRNA-21 (miR-21) in HCC tissues than in adjacent normal tissues.

6: There are lower levels of GAS5 and higher levels of miR-21 in HCC cell lines (Be7402, SMMC-7721, and HCCLM3) than in normal liver L-02 cells, and the levels correlate with the aggression of the HCC cell lines.

PMID:12072599

8: Equivalence was found between omeprazole MUPS and pantoprazole (heartburn relief), but not with lansoprazole.

12: CONCLUSIONS: Omeprazole MUPS 20 mg and pantoprazole 40 mg have equivalent efficacy in the treatment of reflux oesophagitis.

PMID:15108829

5: RESULTS: The incidence of PDPH was similar between the AT group (3.9%) and the WH group (4.0%).

PMID:15708053

10: CONCLUSIONS: In this study, the addition of sildenafil with VCD improved sexual satisfaction and penile rigidity in patients unsatisfied with VCD alone after radical prostatectomy.

PMID:15930528

6: RESULTS: The patients in the study group had significantly better outcomes than the control group with regard to the average length of surgery (p &lt; 0.001), blood loss (p &lt; 0.001), and hospital stay (p = 0.020).

PMID:17065971

4: Paroxetine-treated patients showed greater (P &lt; .05) improvements than placebo-treated patients on the Clinical Global Impressions (CGI) scale.

5: Both paroxetine and placebo-treated patients improved to a similar extent on selfrated pain measures, although baseline differences limited the interpretation of this outcome variable.

PMID:17123687

16: CONCLUSIONS: The simplified protocol was as good as, or better than the MPDS v11.2 protocol in every aspect studied except hand position, and the simplified protocol resulted in significant time savings.

PMID:18713883

5: RESULTS: Postoperative blood loss in the first 24 h was significantly (P &lt; 0.0001) higher in the placebo group (49.7 +/- 11.9 mL/kg/24 h) as compared to the aprotinin group (37.1 +/- 3.5 mL/kg/24 h).

7: The number of total donor exposures to all allogenic blood products was less in the aprotinin group [range (median) = 2-4 (3)] than the placebo group [range (median) = 7-14 (10)].

PMID:24604819

7: RESULTS: In subjects who had previously received antigenically matched influenza A(H5N1) pLAIV followed by 1 dose of ISIV compared with those who were naive to influenza A(H5N1) and LAIV and received 2 doses of ISIV, we observed an increased frequency of antibody response (82% vs 50%, by the hemagglutination inhibition assay) and a significantly higher antibody titer (112 vs 76; P = .04).

PMID:25482300

6: Associations were similar and remained significant after excluding patients with cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and chronic hepatitis B. Patients with advanced-stage disease were segregated by high EBV DNA levels and high hs-CRP level into a poorest-risk group, and participants with either high EBV DNA but low hs-CRP level or high hs-CRP but low EBV DNA values had poorer survival compared with the bottom values for both biomarkers.

PMID:26831335

8: No association was found between the G2019S mutation and the Mini Mental State Examination scores (MMSE), and MC patients appeared more susceptible to dyskinesia than NC patients.

10: The results showed considerable improvement of motor unified parkinson's disease rating scale III (UPDRS-III) in a situation of stimulation without medication in the MC patients with a percentage of improvement (51.1 %) over the required 30 % compared to the NC patients (25.5 %).

11: The same result was observed for the Schwab and England's activities of daily living scale (S and E scale), which thus demonstrated a greater effectiveness of DBS for MC patients than for NC patients.

14: CONCLUSIONS: This study shows that surgical treatment probably has a more significant impact on LRRK2 G2019S MC than on idiopathic patients.